

# ***Next Generation Power and Energy***

**EXPONAVAL 2010**

**02 December 2010**

**Valparaiso, Chile**

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**Deputy Director**

**PMS 320 (ESO)**

**(Presented by: Dr. Peter Cho**

**ONR Global)**

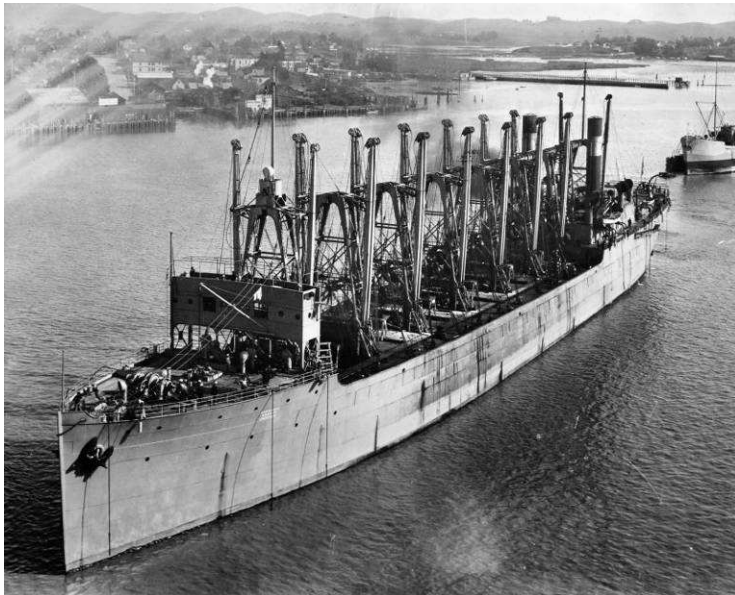
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# Outline

- Brief History of Navy Electric Drive
- **Challenges/Opportunities**
- Next Generation Integrated Power System
- Open Architecture Business Model
- **Intelligent Ship/Power Dense Technologies**
- **Hybrid Electric Drive (HED)**



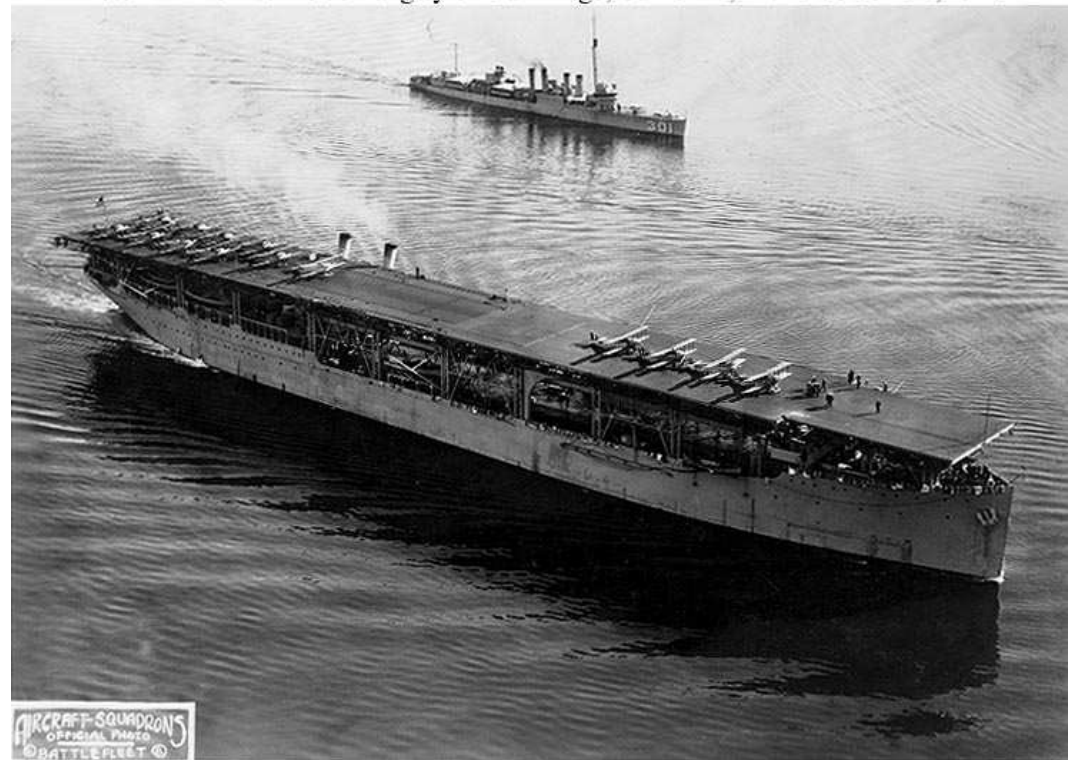
# Electric Drive



**USS Jupiter**  
*Commissioned 1913*  
- Collier -




## **USS Langley** *Recommissioned 1922* - First US Aircraft Carrier -

Photo # NH 81279 USS Langley off San Diego, California, with USS Somers, 1928



# Today's Integrated Electric Ships



PLATFORM	RESULTS
	<p><b>Amphibious Assault (LHD 8)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ The first U.S. Navy amphibious ship built with Gas Turbine Engines and Hybrid Electric Drive resulting in <b><u>significant fuel savings compared with steam driven LHD</u></b></li></ul>
	<p><b>Combat Logistics Force (T-AKE)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ T-AKE is powered by a commercial integrated power system, providing <b><u>reduced acquisition and life cycle costs</u></b></li></ul>
	<p><b>Surface Combatant (DDG 1000)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>◆ ZUMWALT's Integrated Power System (IPS) combines <b><u>78MW of installed power</u></b> generation for propulsion and ship service into a single unified electrical system.</li></ul>

***Meeting the Mission with Increased Power and Reduced Costs***



# Other Naval Trends...



## UK (23 + IPS/hybrid ships)

- ♦ Type 23 Frigate, in-service – hybrid electric/mechanical drive
- ♦ Type 45 Destroyer, in-service – full Integrated Power System
- ♦ Albion Class LPD, in-service – full Integrated Power System
- ♦ Wave Class Oiler, in-service – full Integrated Power System
- ♦ CV(F) under contract – full Integrated Power System



## France

- ♦ BPC (LPD) in-service, Podded Integrated Power System
- ♦ Future CV in design – full IPS, maybe Pods



## Netherlands (2 ships)

- ♦ LPD "Rotterdam" Class, in-service – full Integrated Power System
- ♦ IPS declared for future surface combatants



## France, Italy, Greece, Morocco

- ♦ FREMM Frigate – Hybrid Drive (28 planned, 4 under construction)



## Germany

- ♦ U-212 Submarines
  - Diesel Electric w/ PM Motors
  - AIP systems using fuel cells

*All diesel submarines are electric drive*



## Australia (2 ships)

- ♦ Canberra Class LPD - Podded IPS
- ♦ Collins Class SSG - diesel-electric

**...many other Navies interested**

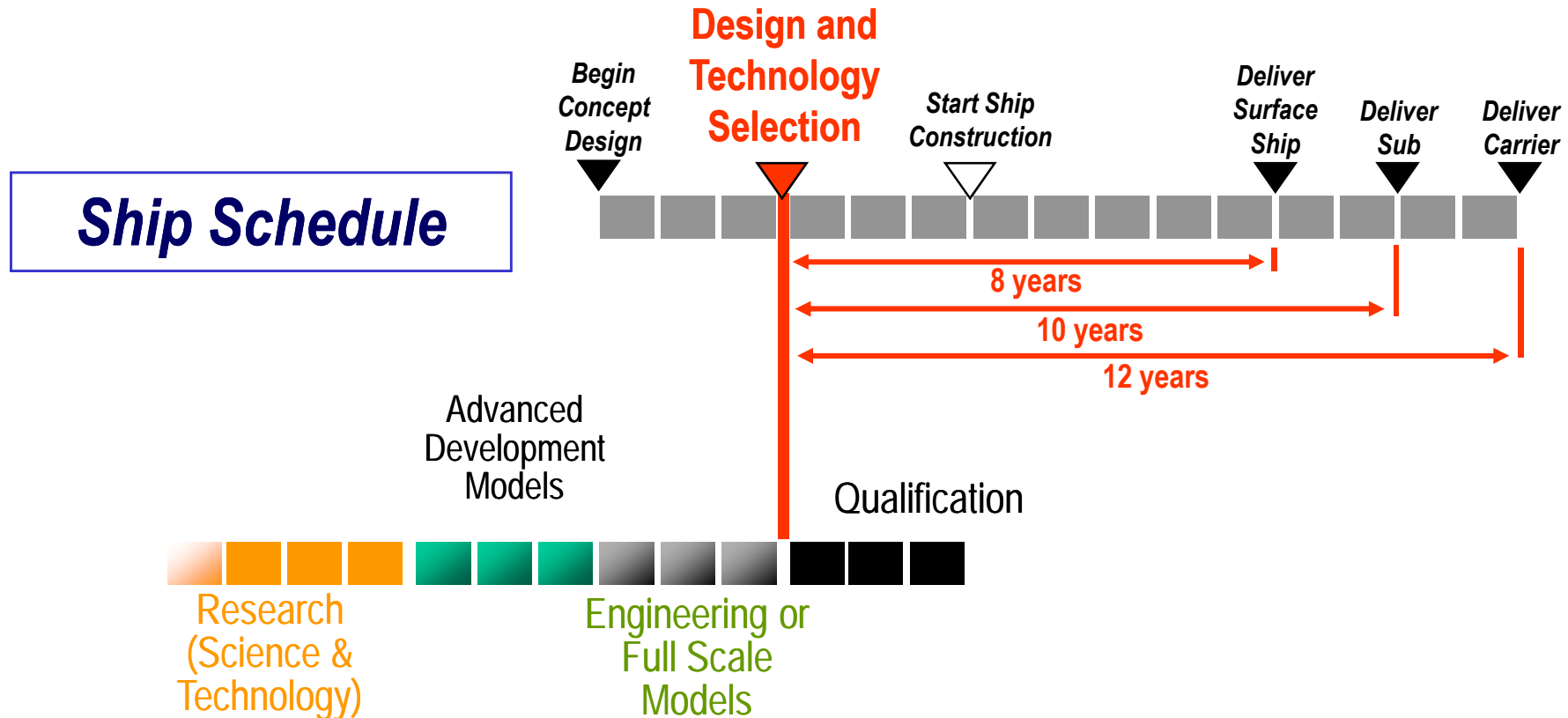
# ***Our Challenges***

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- ◆ Reduce Fuel Dependency
- ◆ Greater Demands for Power
- ◆ Control Costs

# ... Also The Challenge of New Technology



**To Reduce Risk and Costs, Engineering Development Models Must Precede “Design and Technology Selection”**



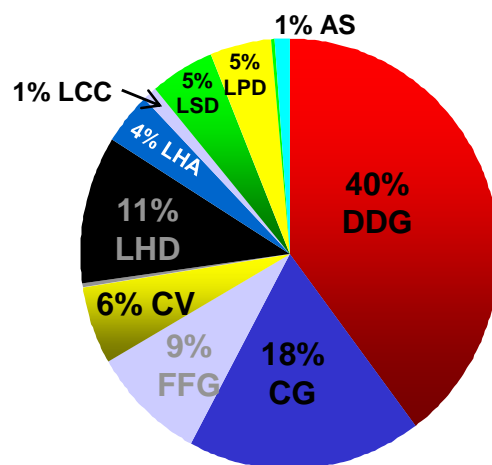
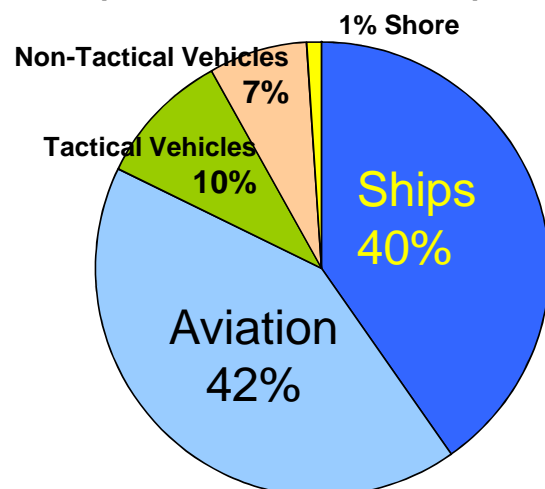
# *How Do We Meet Our Challenges*



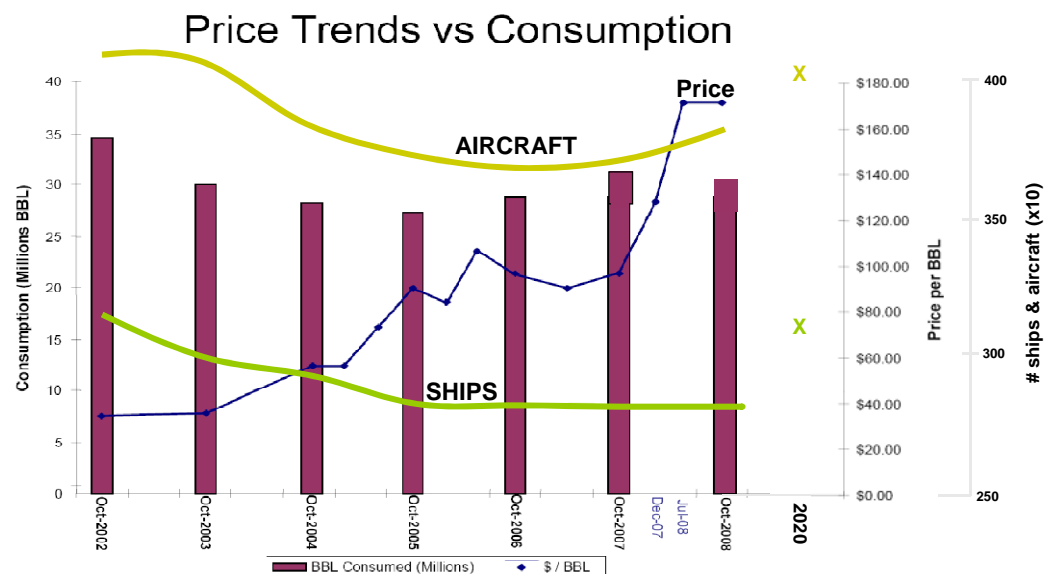
- ◆ Fleet-wide Analysis of Demand
- ◆ Early Investment in Technology
- ◆ Integrated System Demonstrations

# Navy Fuel Usage and Trends


**FY07 DON Fuel Usage**  
(38.8 Million Barrels)



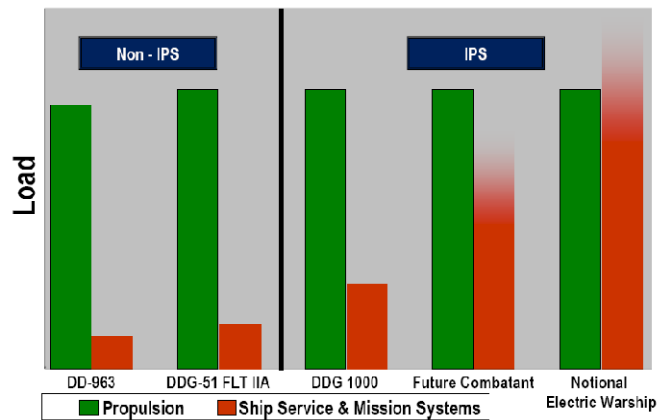
**PRICE TRENDS VS  
NAVY SHIP / AIRCRAFT CONSUMPTION**



**Expected FY09 fuel bill: \$5.3B**  
**Per bbl cost +400% since FY03**

- Energy (fuel) demand will increase
  - Combat / Weapons power
  - Force Structure changing – Higher fuel consumption
  - Operational requirements
- Fuel cost uncertainty – Probably 

# Support High Power Mission Systems



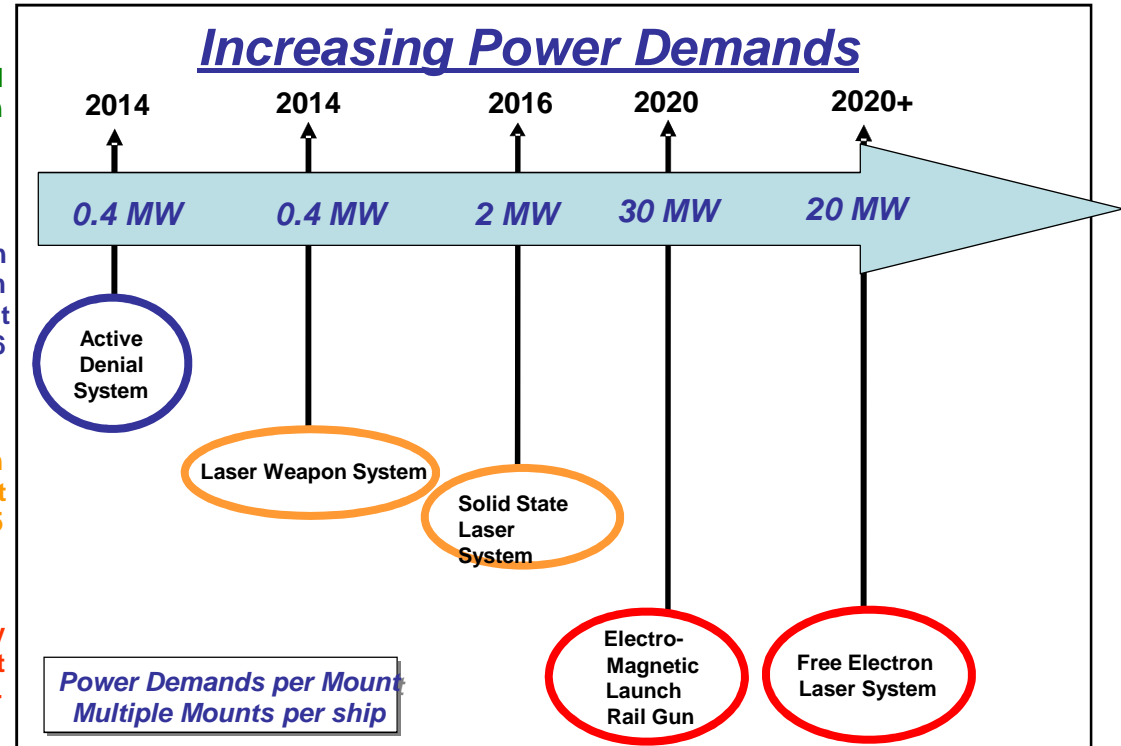
April 2009

Deployed Mission Capability

Weapon System Development TRL=6

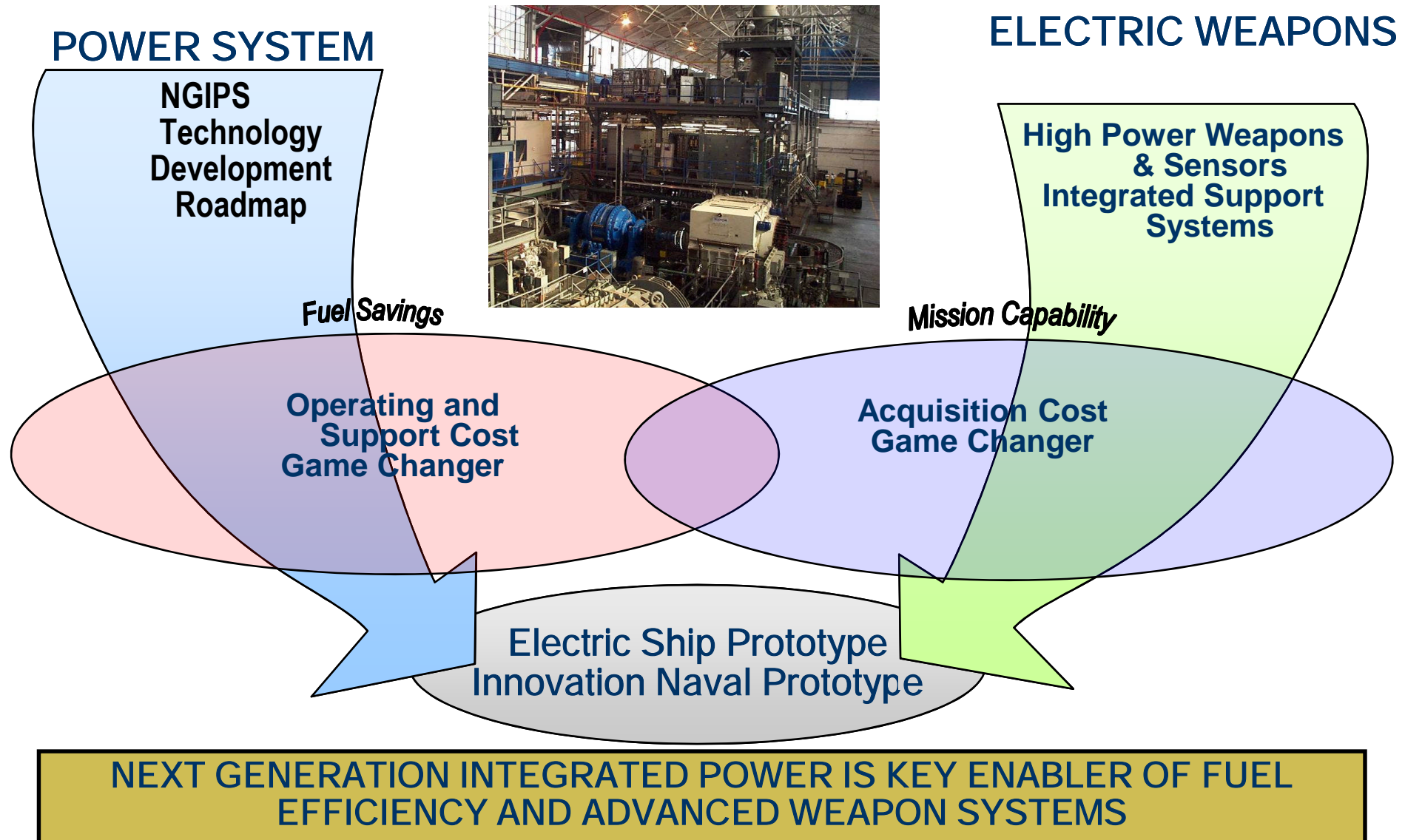
Weapon Development TRL=4/5

Technology Development TRL=3/4



Sensor and Weapons Power Demands will Rival Propulsion Power Demands

# Integrated, Large Scale System Demonstrations: Electric Ship INP



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- Brief History of Navy Electric Drive
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- Hybrid Electric Drive (HED)



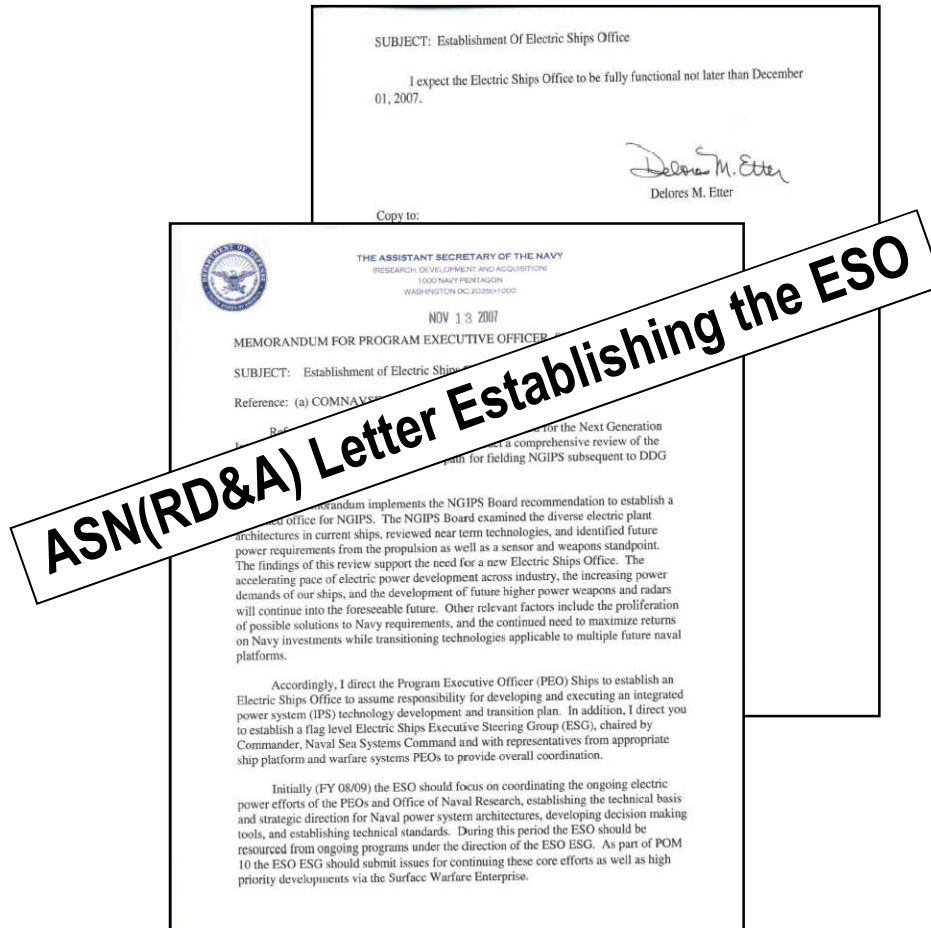
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# ASN(RD&A) Letter Establishing the Electric Ships Office / 13 Nov 2007

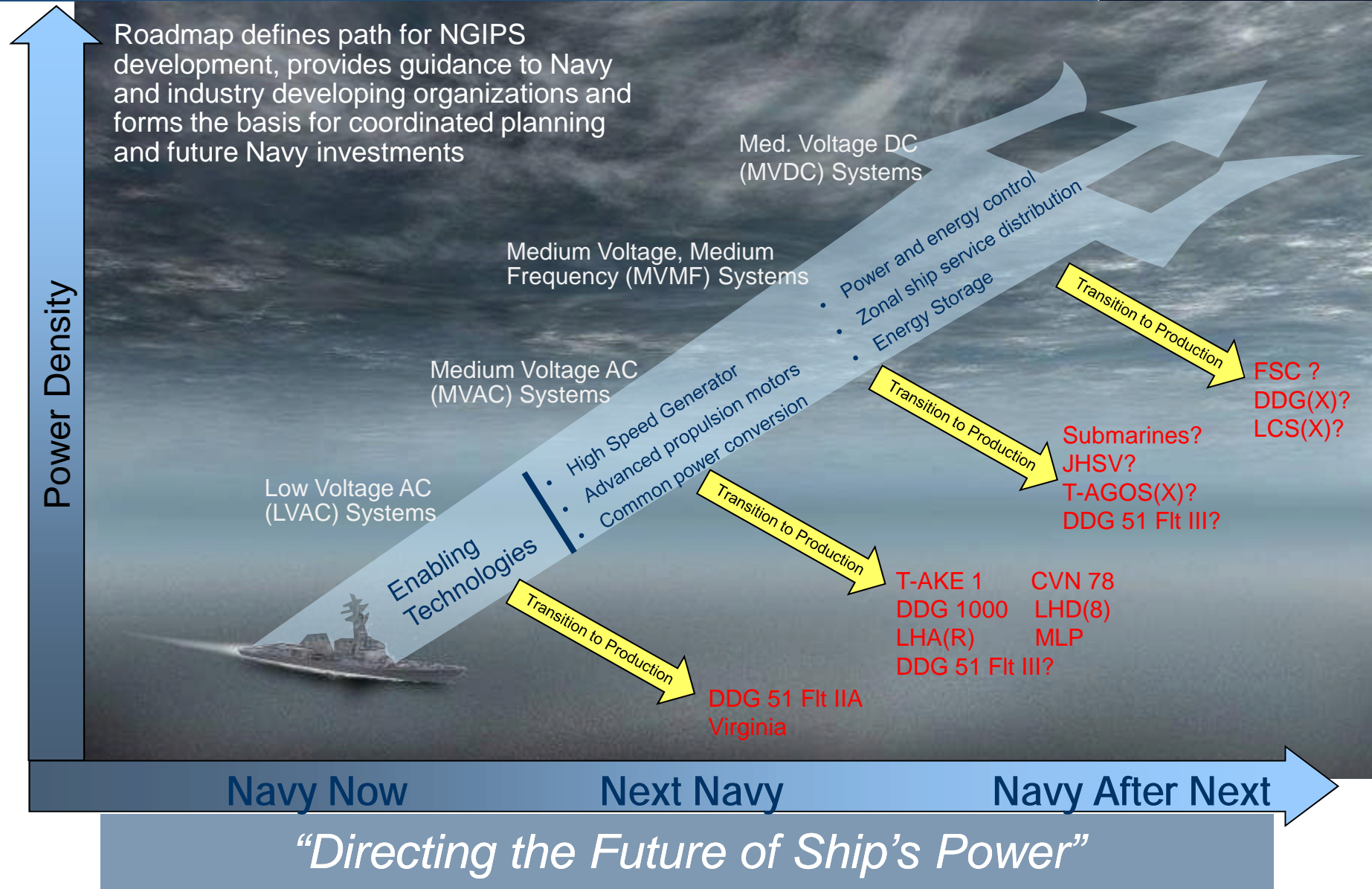


**“I direct the Program Executive Officer (PEO) Ships to establish an Electric Ships Office to assume responsibility for developing and executing an integrated power system (IPS) technology development and transition plan.”**



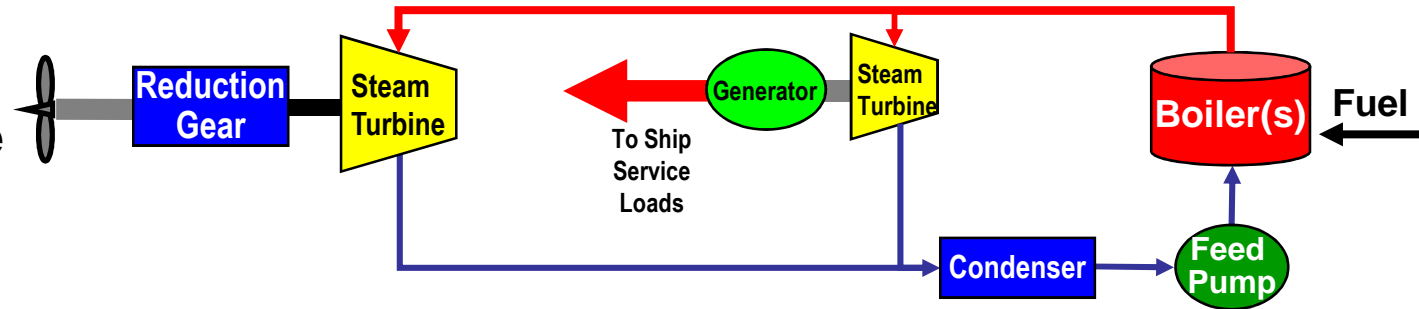
**Message: Develop and Execute NGIPS Technology Development Roadmap**

# Next Generation Integrated Power System (NGIPS) Technology Development Roadmap (TDR)

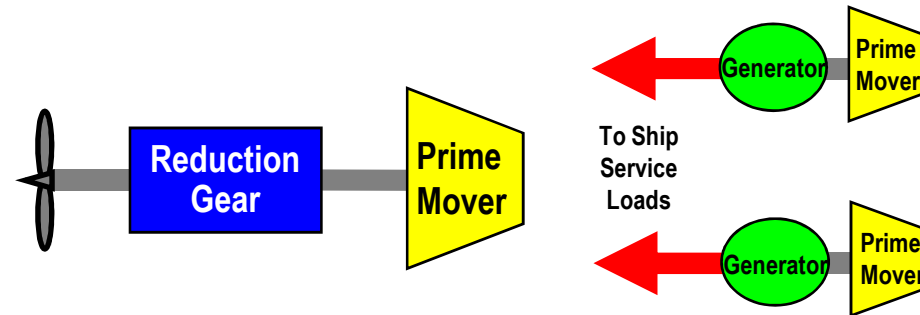


# Shipboard Power & Propulsion Systems

Older ships were  
'integrated' on the  
steam side

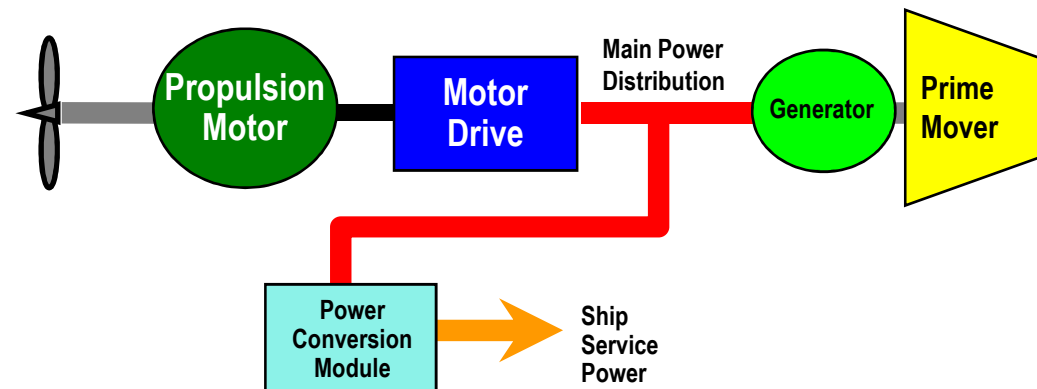


'Integration' was lost  
when we transitioned to  
internal combustion  
engines



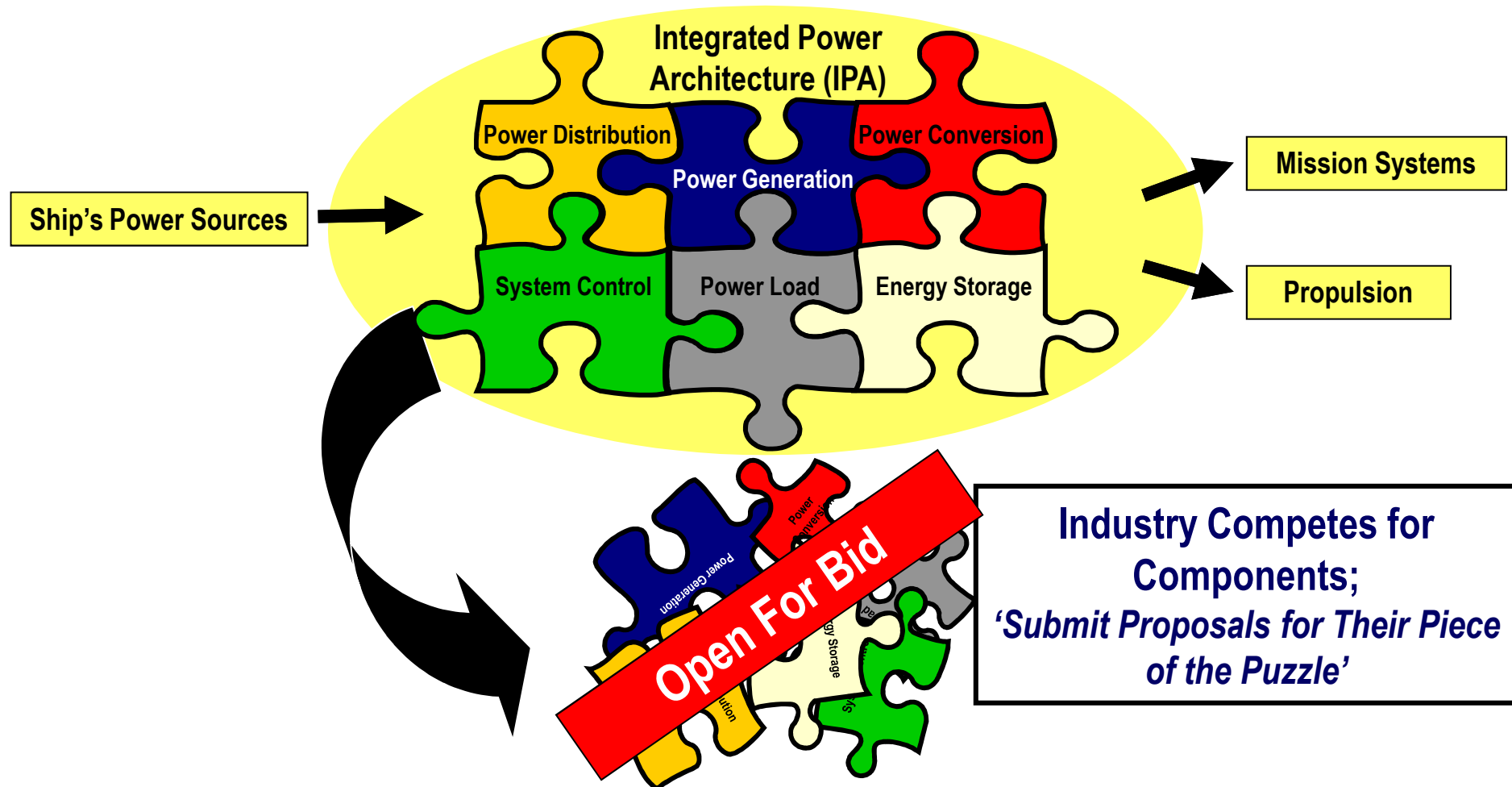
IPS brings back 'integration' on  
the electrical side, enabled by:

- Solid State Power Electronics
- Multi-Megawatt Motor Drives
- Automated Controls



# Open Architecture Business Model

**Navy Controls NGIPS Architecture and Interfaces;  
'What Pieces Will Be Needed and How They Fit Together'**





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# Technology Development Overview ( ONR Advanced Naval Power )



## Motors & Actuators

Motors

Actuators

Electro-Mechanical  
Devices

## Heat Transfer, Thermal Mgmt

High Waste Heat  
Flux Removal

Adv. Chiller  
Technologies / HVAC

## Energy Storage

Batteries

Capacitors

Flywheels

## Power Generation

Fuel Cells

Advanced  
Generators

Direct Conversion

Photovoltaics

Future Fuels

Power Distribution

Power Generation

Power  
Conversion

System Control

Power Load

Energy Storage

## Distribution & Control

Architecture

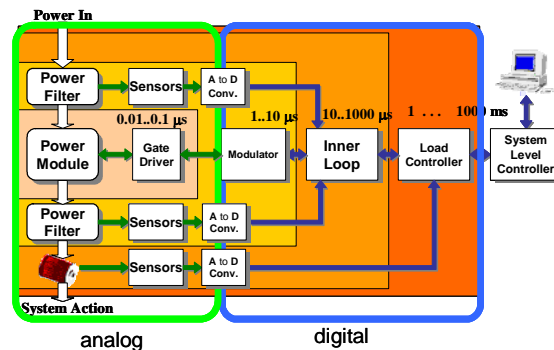
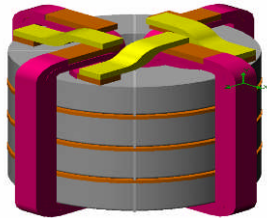
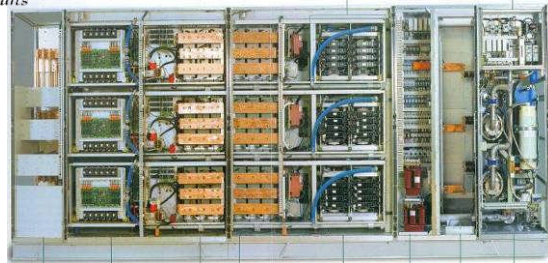
Switching &  
Conditioning

**ONR Maintaining Robust S&T Investment**



Revolutionary Research . . . Relevant Results

[EPE – 08-07]



## S&T Products

- Large scale demonstration of multifunction converter in FY 2011
- Large scale demonstration of bi-directional power converter in FY 2011
- Large scale demonstration of power management controller in FY 2012

## Objectives

- ◆ Develop motor drive topology and components that lead to a **2-3X increase** in power density (to 2-3 MVA/m<sup>3</sup>), a reduction in harmonic distortion **from ~9% to <1%**, and an increase in efficiency **from 94% to 98%**, i.e., a 2X reduction in thermal losses.
- ◆ Develop a high power density **bi-directional PCM** that interfaces to energy storage modules, enabling wider system usage of installed energy storage with an Integrated Power System.
- ◆ Develop a **power management controller** that will provide ~2x increase in whole system dynamic reaction time and power **partitioning from propulsion to ship service & weapons loads in <x ms**.

# Intelligent Ship/Power Dense Technologies: Solid State Power Substation: Power Conversion Module

## Solid State Power Substation (SSPS) Program

- DARPA, ONR, PEO-Carriers, ESO
- Phase III in progress (6/2007- 6/2010)
- Team: GE, Cree, Powerex, LANL, IAP, GD-EB

## Goal

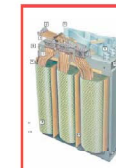
- Compact, light-weight replacement for 2.7 MVA, 13.8 kV/ 465 Vac, 60 Hz iron-core transformers
- ~3X improvement in weight
- Demonstrate high voltage, high frequency electronic power conversion (10 kV @ 20 kHz)

## Status

- SSPS building block tested to full power at GE
- Navy testing completed at NSWC (Phila. LBES) from October 2010

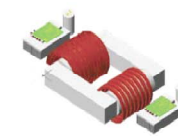


## Phase III Program Goal



**Low Frequency Conventional Transformer (analog)**

- 2.7MVA
- 13.8kV/465V ( $\Delta/Y$ ) 60Hz
- 6 tons/each
- 10 m<sup>3</sup>/each
- fixed, single output



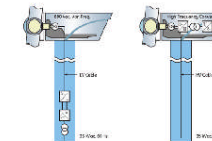
**Estimated SiC-based Solid State Power Substation (digital)**

- 2.7 MVA
- 13.8kV/465V ( $\Delta/Y$ ) 20 kHz
- 1.7 tons/each
- 2.7 m<sup>3</sup>/each
- multiple taps/outputs

## HV-SiC: Potential Commercial Applications

### Wind Turbines

Up-tower power conversion/step-up to reduce cable costs



### Traction Transformers

HF transformers more compact, efficient than conventional transformers; catenary supply @ 16.7 Hz in Europe.



### Electric Grid Power Control

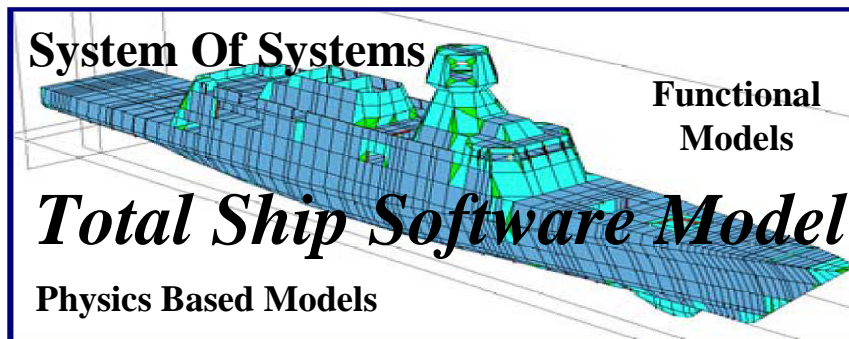
HV semiconductors will allow more efficient utility power flow management / 'smart grids'



**Enabling technology for other applications: radar power, MVDC circuit breakers**  
**Reduction in SiC prices will open up large commercial markets!**

## Requirement

- Battlespace Situational Awareness
- Ship Capability Awareness
- Ship Systems Situational Awareness
- Resident Instantiated Modeling
  - Shipboard to enable Real Time Analysis
  - Predictive Performance based on Condition and Context (mission)



**Enables**

**Predictive and Adaptive  
Machinery Monitoring and Control**

## Capability

- Faster Time to Optimal Decision
  - Cognitive Decision Aids
  - Situational Awareness
- Faster Time to Optimal Action
  - Autonomous/Reflexive Operations
- Increased Survivability
  - Pre-Hit Reconfiguration
- Increased Recoverability
  - Service Restoration
  - Damage Mitigation
- Reduced Cost
  - Reduced Watchstanding
  - Reduced Maintenance

**Enables**

# Intelligent Ship/Power Dense Technologies: Diagnostics, Prognostics and Self Healing Control

## Technical Objectives:

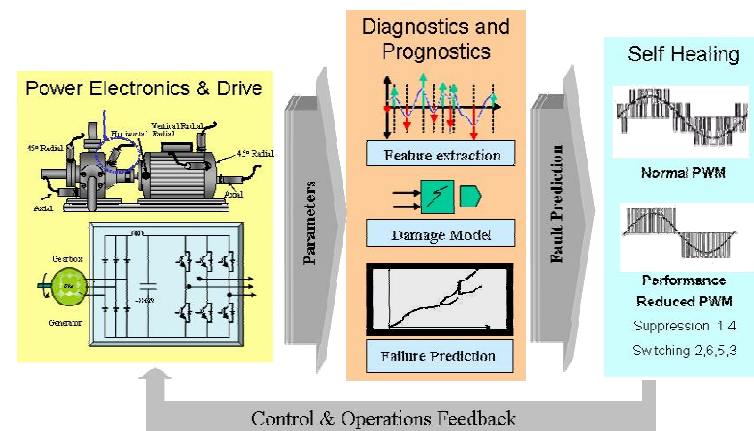
- ◆ Develop technologies to address incipient fault detection, fault accommodation and self-healing of electric drive systems
- ◆ Provide automated integration between the PHM technologies and fault accommodation / self healing approaches
- ◆ Demonstrate the developed technologies in a realistic hardware-in-the-loop test bed and with actual component faults/data
- ◆ Provide a logical path for technology transition in a ship systems application in Phase II and Phase III commercialization

## S&T Challenges

- Identification of practical and cost effective failure precursor features and methods
- Determination of failure precursors directly linked to failure progression
- Development of dynamic fault accommodation strategies
- Development of physics-based failure progression modeling

## Deliverables and Schedule

ID	Task Name	Q3 2006			Q4 2006			Q1 2007			Q2 2008		
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Sep
1	Select Platform and Develop Test Strategy												
2	Conduct motor drive seeded fault testing												
3	Identify incipient fault indicators and develop signal processing												
4	Develop fault accommodation strategies												
5	Develop demonstration and draft transition plan												

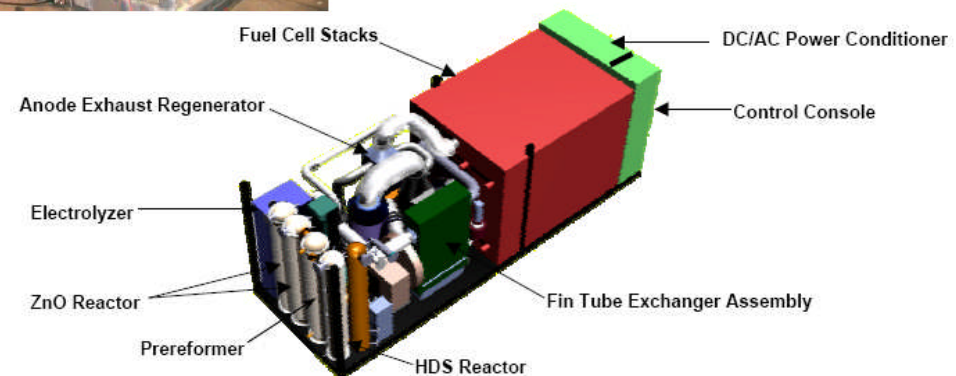
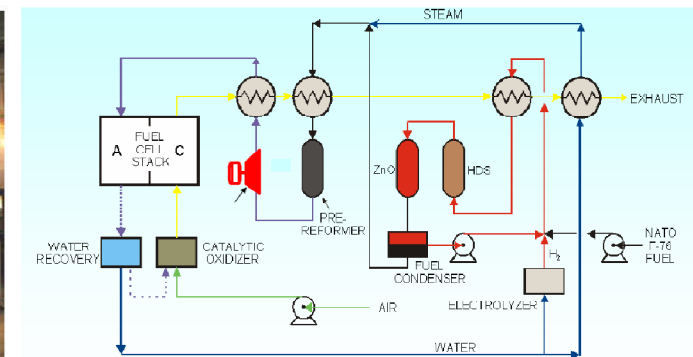




- ◆ **Many Advantages**
  - Highly Efficient (35-60%)
  - No Dedicated intakes-uptakes; use ventilation

## ◆ Challenges

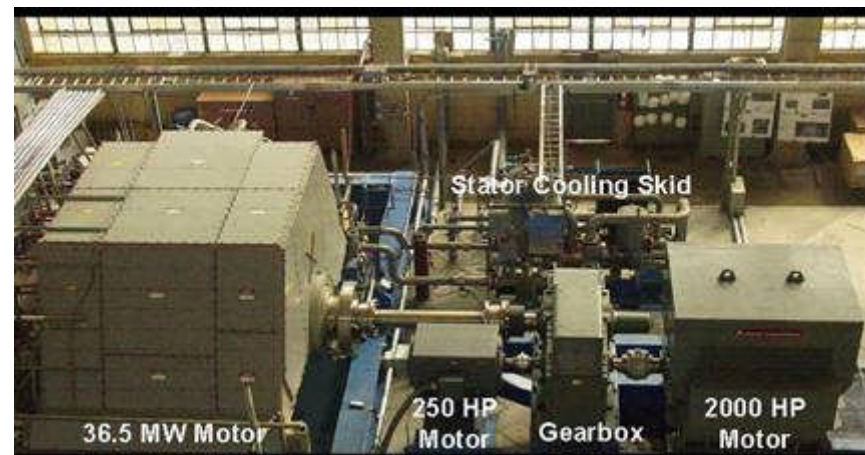
- Reforming Fuel into Hydrogen – Onboard Chemical Plant.
- Eliminating Sulfur from fuels.
- Slow Dynamic Response - Requires Energy storage to balance generation and load
- Slow Startup – Best used for base-loads



FuelCell Energy 625kW 450V, 3 $\phi$ , 60 HZ, MC SSFC Power System

## **Motors and Actuators:** ( *Propulsion Motor Module* )

- ◆ **Permanent Magnetic Motor (PMM)**
  - Load testing completed June 08
    - Full power on one stator ring (18MW)
  - No plans for additional testing
  
- ◆ **High Temperature Superconducting Motor (HTS)**
  - Full Power Testing Complete (December 08)
  - Motor Achieved Design Rated Torque @ Rated Speed for 36.5 MW!



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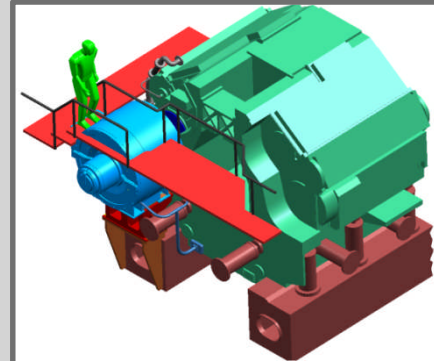


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# Hybrid Electric Drive (HED) (for DDG-51 Flt IIA )Background



- ◆ NAVSEA 21 sponsored HED industry studies and Navy Trade Space Analysis for DDG 51 Class fuel economy
- ◆ NAVSEA Congressional Adds to design, build & test a HED *proof of concept* system to be demonstrated at Navy Land Based Engineering Site
- ◆ Leveraging ONR investments in shipboard energy storage and dynamic controls to be demonstrated at LBES (NSWC Philadelphia)
- ◆ Hybrid Electric Drive established as a top-priority for the Navy's energy task force to demonstrate the capability at the Navy's Land Based Engineering Site (Philadelphia, PA) in 2011 and at-sea in a DDG-51 Class ship in 2012.



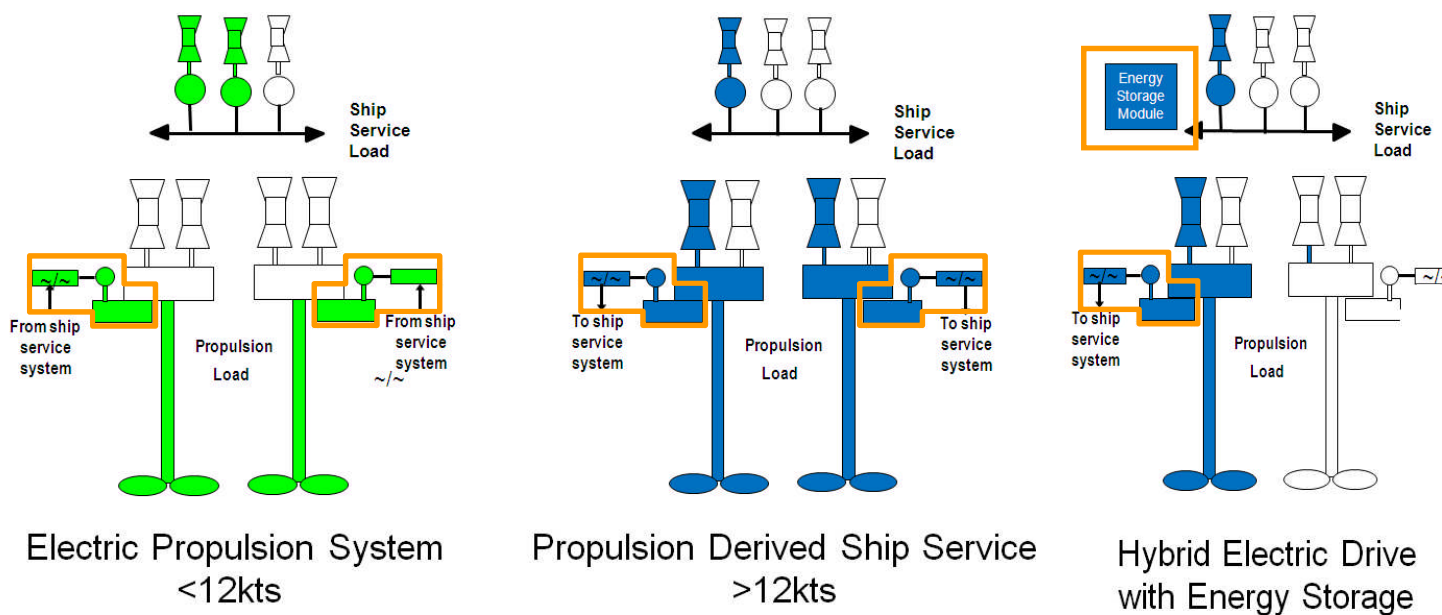
Hybrid Electric Drive (HED) ERM  
attached to Main Reduction Gear



Shipboard Energy Storage  
for Single Generator Operations



# Fuel Efficiency Technology Enablers



Increased Risk & Fuel Economy Payoff

**Hybrid Electric Drive & Energy Storage improves energy efficiency of in service surface combatant power plants**



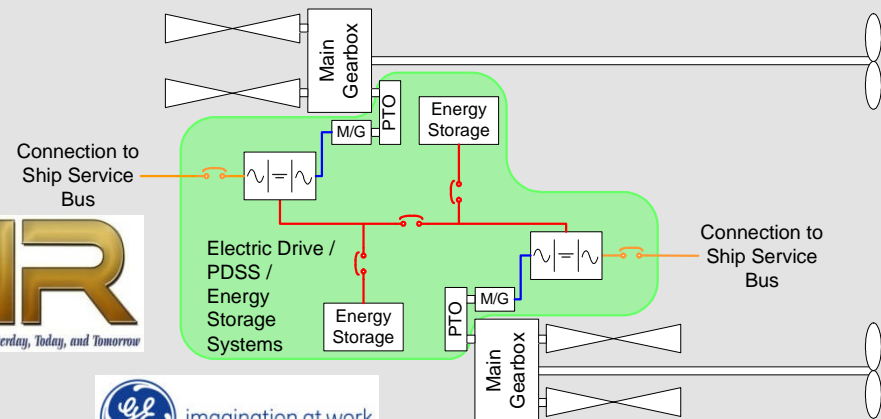
- ♦ ONR investigated feasibility and conducted technical assessment of energy saving alternatives through BAA 07-029

## Shipboard Energy Storage



- Energy storage enhances hybrid drive savings & enables single generator ops
- Eliminates “Dark Ship” condition
- De-Risks future Next Generation Integrated Power System Energy Storage Modules

## Hybrid Drive Dynamic Controls



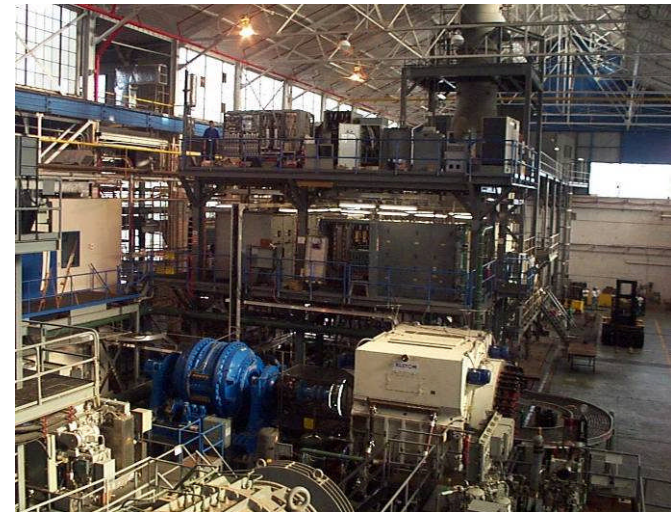
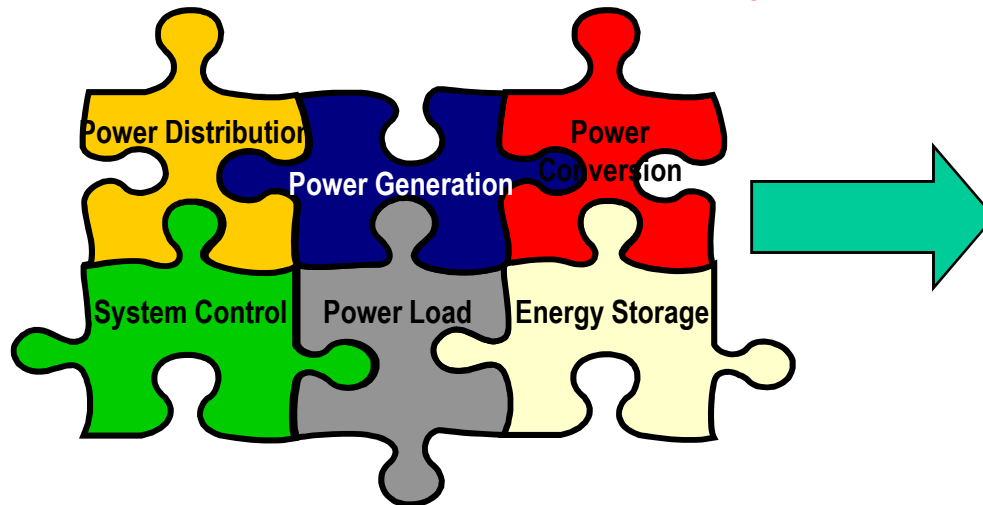
- Hybrid drive dynamic analysis ensures power quality capability and control
- Develop and de-risk control approaches to address DDG-51 Machinery Control System requirements

**ENERGY STORAGE INTEGRATED INTO THE HYBRID ELECTRIC DRIVE SYSTEM PROVIDES THE GREATEST FUEL SAVINGS For NAVY SHIPS**

# Conclusion



*“Valley of Death”*



## Questions?